

Major Depressive Disorder

We know that as a parent/caregiver you are not mental health professional, so we put together this resource to provide you with the DSM-5 criteria that mental health professionals use to make a diagnosis for depression.

Depression (major depressive disorder) is a common and serious medical illness that negatively affects how you feel, the way you think and how you act. Fortunately, it is also treatable. Depression causes feelings of sadness and/or a loss of interest in activities you once enjoyed. It can lead to a variety of emotional and physical problems and can decrease your ability to function at work and at home. The DSM-5 diagnostic criteria is as follows:

The individual must be experiencing **five or more** symptoms during the same 2-week period and at least one of the symptoms should be either **(1) depressed mood or (2) loss of interest or pleasure.**

1. Depressed mood most of the day, nearly every day. As indicated by subjective report (e.g., feels sad, empty, hopeless) or observation made by others (e.g., appears tearful). (Note: In children and adolescents, can be irritable mood)

2. Markedly diminished interest or pleasure in all, or almost all, activities most of the day, nearly every day.

3. Significant weight loss when not dieting or weight gain, or decrease or increase in appetite nearly every day. (Note: in children, consider failure to make expected weight gain).

4. Insomnia or hypersomnia nearly every day

5. Slowing down of thought and a reduction of physical movement (observable by others, not merely subjective feelings of restlessness or being slowed down).

6. Fatigue or loss of energy nearly every day.

7. Feelings of worthlessness or excessive or inappropriate guilt nearly every day.

8. Diminished ability to think or concentrate, or indecisiveness, nearly every day.

9. Recurrent thoughts of death (not just fear of dying), recurrent suicidal ideation without a specific plan, or a suicide attempt or a specific plan for committing suicide.